

Gait and structure evaluation for guide dogs

Peggy Gibbon, Director of Canine Development
and

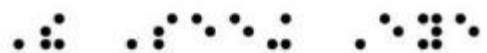
Dr. Katy M. Evans, The Jane H. Booker Chair in Canine Genetics



Way back when...



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More recent history

- The Seeing Eye began systematically evaluating the gaits of young dogs before they entered training in 2010 in response to an increasing number of dogs with less-than-ideal movement
- A scale of 1-9 was established, with 9 being the most desirable, to characterize gaits in a manner that can be used to put selection pressure on this trait



Evaluation process

- Experienced staff observe each dog's movement soon after they return to the main campus to be evaluated for training
- Two scorers observe the dogs and agreement on the gait score is very high
- Dogs are initially moved out and back on a straight line. Additional observation is made on a circle when desired
- A brief description of the gait is added to the dog's record in addition to the numerical score

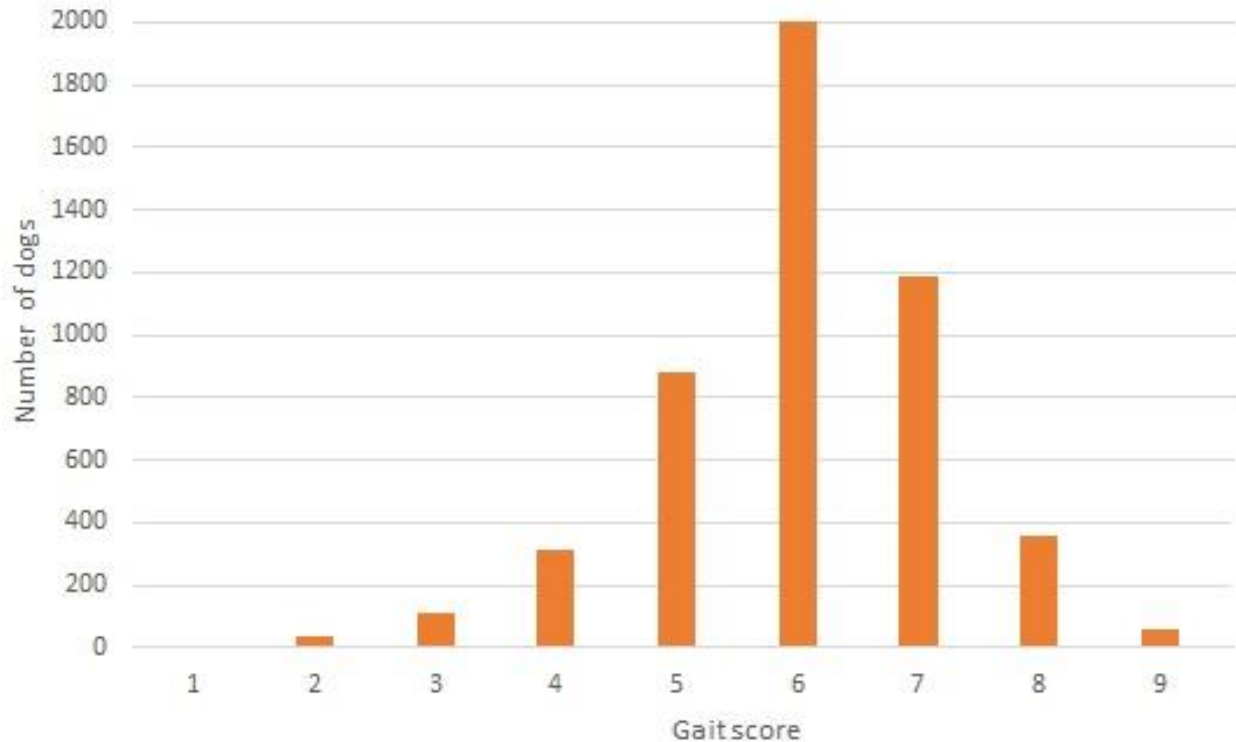
Additional benefits

- Any dog that appears to be uncomfortable during the observation can be brought to the attention of the veterinary staff for treatment
- We have occasionally seen dogs develop abnormal gaits during training. The baseline description from the initial evaluation is helpful in determining any changes



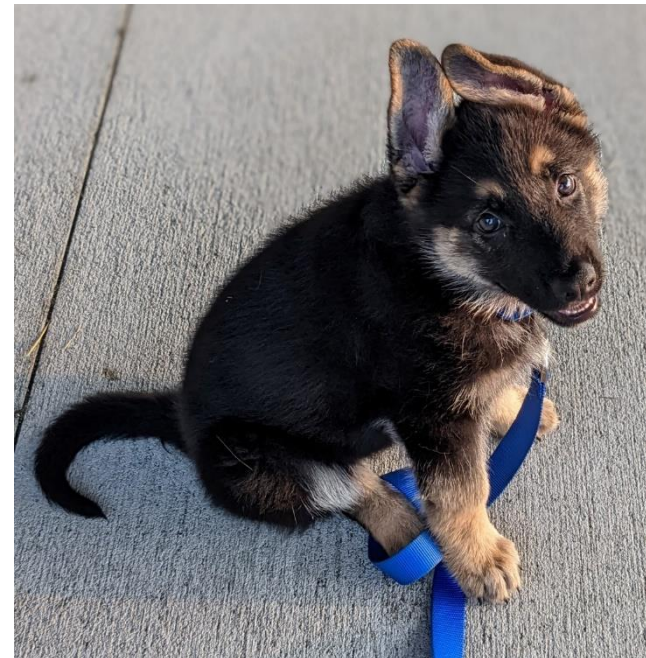
Gait score dataset

- Dataset of 4964 individuals on 31st March 2023
- Mean, median & modal score = 6



Multiple linear regression of gait score

- Breed and sex were significant effects (both $p < 0.0001$).
- Being a German Shepherd and being male both associated with lower gait score

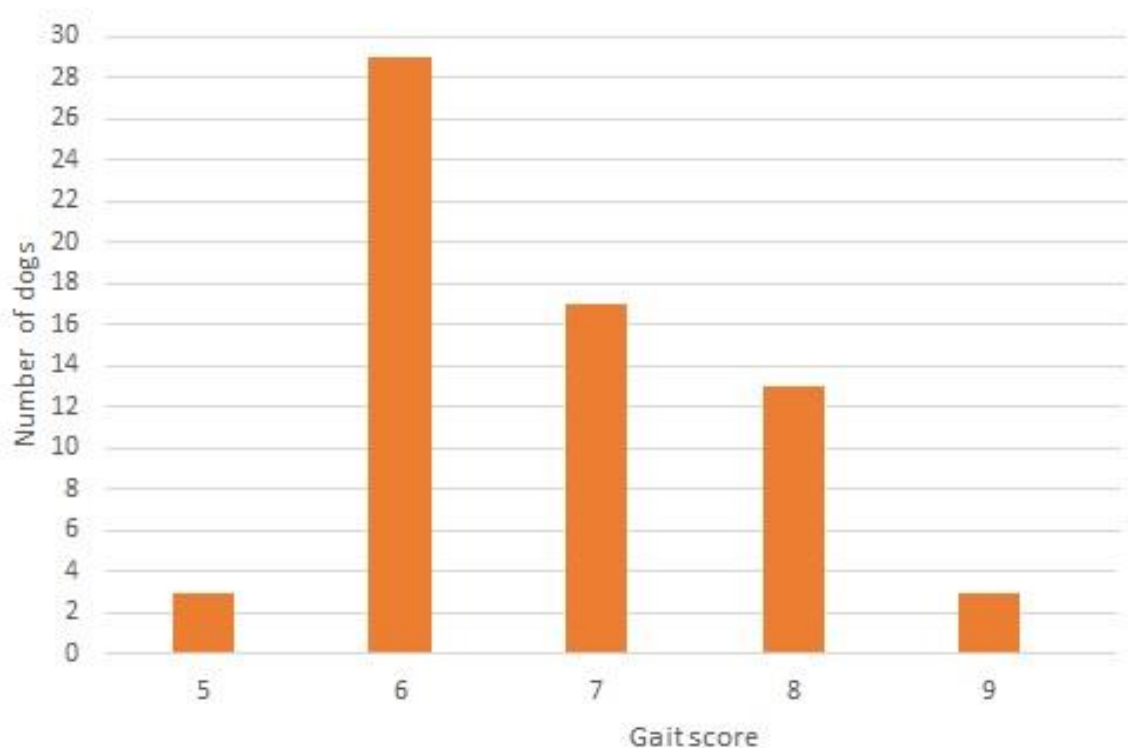


Heritability estimates of gait score

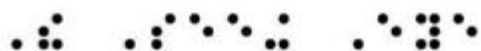
- Using REMLF90 in the BLUPF90 suite of programs
- Sex included as an effect in purebred models, breed and sex included as effects in crossbreed model
- Heritability estimates:
 - GS – 0.36
 - LR – 0.28
 - GR – 0.15
 - LRGRX – 0.26

Gait scores – current breeders

- 66 breeders currently
- Mean score 6.75, median 7, mode 6



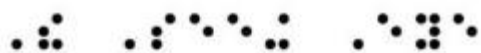
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Male Lab backcross – score 9



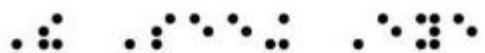
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Male Golden Retriever – score 8



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Male Golden Retriever – score 6



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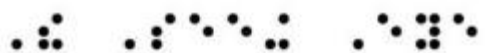
Male Lab backcross – score 6



Male GSD – score 5



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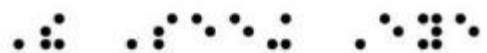
Female Golden – score 6



Male Labrador – score 4



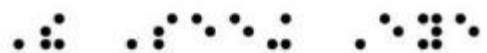
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Female Lab backcross – score 6



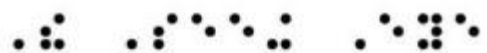
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Male Lab backcross – score 5



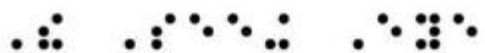
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Female GSD – score 5



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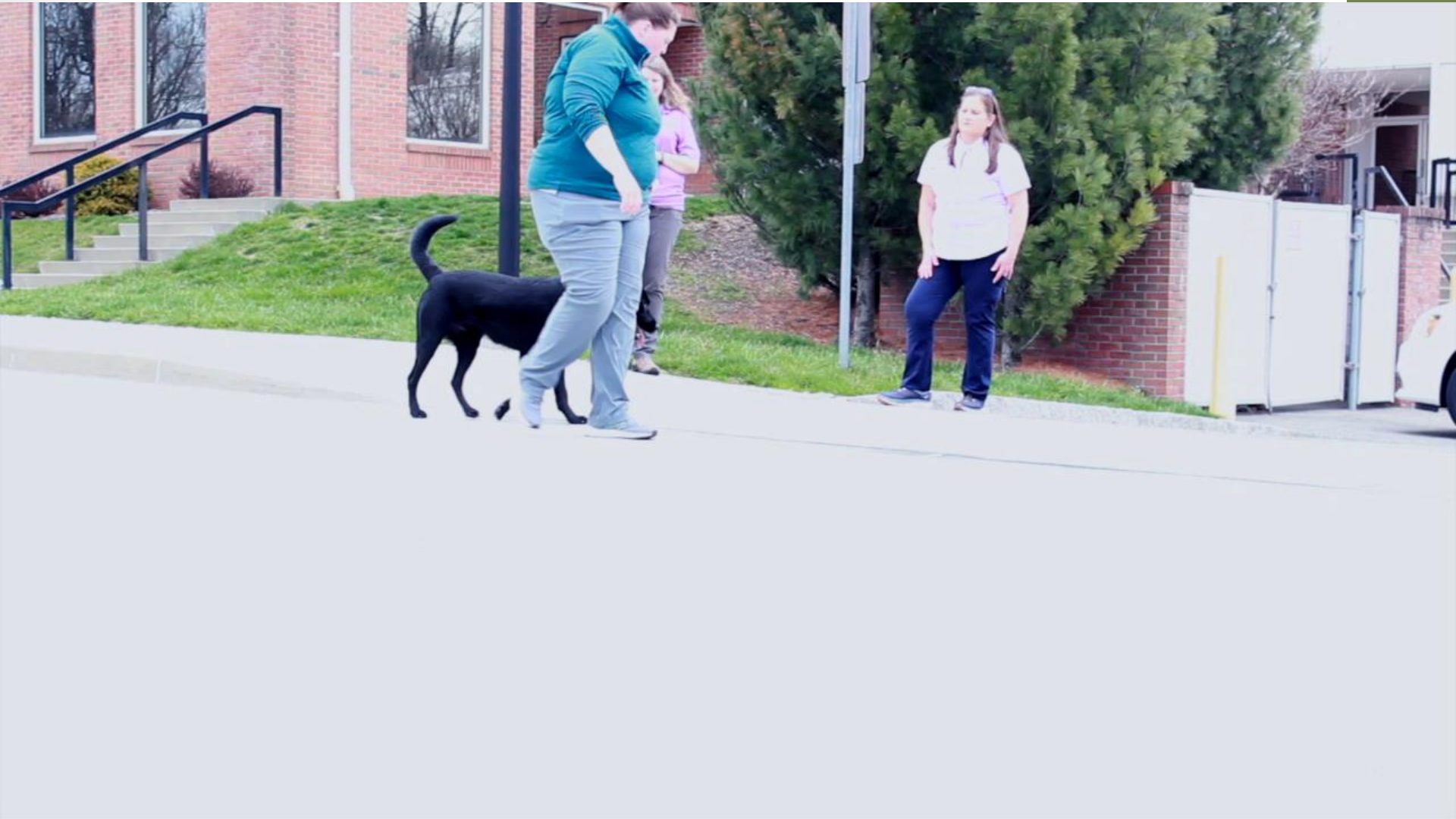
Male GSD – score 7



Male Lab backcross – score 5



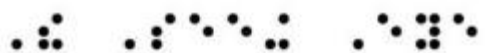
Male Lab backcross – score 5, on a circle



Male Lab backcross – pending!



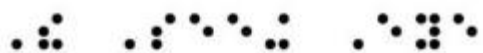
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Male Lab backcross – pending!



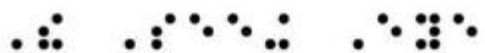
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Male Lab backcross – pending!



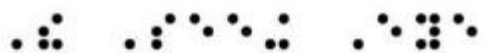
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Male Lab backcross – pending!



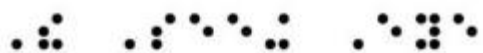
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Male GSD – hip dysplasia



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Male GSD – HD, circle 1



Summary

- Useful to assess gaits of all dogs between arrival and starting training - frequently pick up undetected minor issues (e.g. sore feet)
- Dogs are sometimes released from our program due to poor gait/conformation even if no underlying disease condition is found
- Our gait score has a low to moderate heritability; EBVs would be possible if we wanted to increase selection pressure on this trait

Acknowledgements



- Kristen DeMarco
- Tricia Souder



- Dr Eldin Leighton

