

GENERAL CONTEXT



- Companion dogs share more and more closely our environnement
- Various utility for dogs
 - Working dogs for narcotics detection
 - Guide dogs
 - Search dogs
 - Companion dogs
 - •
- Important number of working dog
 - 22 000 persons with assistance dogs



Irvin, 2014

GENERAL CONTEXT



- Selection of working dog
 - Objective: Obtain the highest performances
 - Selection
 - Morphology
 - Physiology
 - Behaviour → Personality traits
- Recent research on dogs'performances
 - Good obedience performance
 - ⇔ Good dyads relationship
 - \Leftrightarrow Time spent with the dog
 - \Leftrightarrow Bolder dogs
 - ⇔ Owner lower on neuroticism

Lefebvre et al., 2007

Svartberg, 2002

Kortschal et al., 2009

9

SCIENTIFIC CONTEXT



- Byrne's law of similarity
 - Similarity of personality traits may predict the attraction between two individuals

 Byrne, 1961
- For pets?
 - Dog and owner resemble each other in terms of personality $$_{\rm Turscan\; et\; al.,\; 2012}$$
 - Matching the personality of dogs an owners may predict owner satisfaction Curb et al., 2013
- For working dogs?



OBJECTIVE

• Is there a link between



- Human and dog personality trait
- Human-dog personality matching

AND

- Dyad's performance
- Quality of the human-dog relationship



METHODS

1- Subjects and general procedure

- o 14 human- search dog dyads
 - 12 men and 2 women
 - 11 Malinois and 3 Tervuren



- 4 data set for each dyad
 - Test of performance
 - Handler personality questionnaire
 - Dog personality test
 - Relationship questionnaire
- Data collected from January to April 2013



METHODS

2- Performance trials

- Search task performance
 - Dyads' ability to search and find a hidden person
 - 4 tests per day over a 3-day-period



- 3 variables for performances
 - Time spent searching
 - Number of errors
 - Improvement between day 1 and day 3

6

METHODS

2- HANDLER PERSONALITY

- Standard human personality test: NEO-PI-R
 - Five factor inventory / Questionnaire
 - Neuroticism
 - ${\bf \circ}$ Anxiety, hostility, depression, self-consciousness, impulsiveness, vulnerability to stress
 - Extraversion
 - \circ Warmth, gregariousness, assertiveness, activity, excitement seeking, positive emotions
 - Opennes to experience
 - ${\color{blue} \circ}$ Fantasy, aesthetics, feeling, actions, ideas, values
 - Agreeableness
 - o Trust, staight forwardness, altruism, compliance, modesty, tendermindedness
 - Conscientiousness
 - Competence, order, dutifulness, achievement striving, self-discipline,

METHODS

3- Dog Personality

- Dog personality through 5 sub-tests
 - Test: novel environment, novel person, novel object and familiar toy, problem solving
 - Principal component analysis
 - 5 behavioral traits
 - o Conscientiousness / Training Focus
 - Neuroticism
 - Activity/exploration
 - Introversion
 - Human familiarity



8

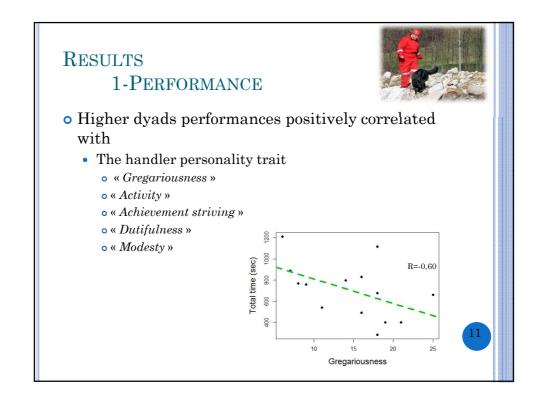
METHODS

4- RELATIONSHIP QUALITY

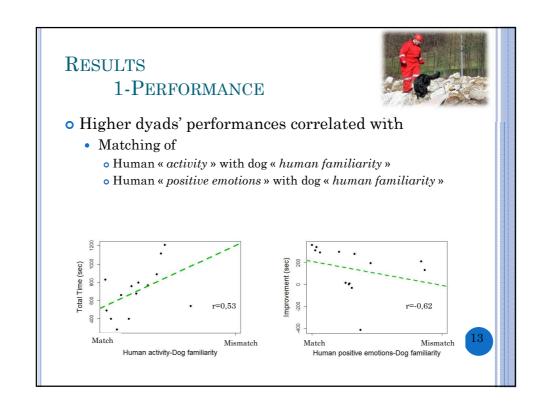
- Human-dog relationship assessed through questionnaire
 - Time/activity spent together
 - Interactions: time, method's of education (positive, aversive)
 - ...



RESULTS 1-PERFORMANCE • Lower dyads' performances correlated with • The handler physically punishing the dog • No toys at home • The dog personality trait « human familiarity » • The handler personality trait « excitement seeking »



RESULTS 1-Performance • Lower dyads performances correlated with • Matching of $\verb| o Human | <| conscient iousness | \\| >| with | dog <| conscient iousness | \\| >|$ ${\bf \circ}$ Human « anxiety » with dog « neuroticism » Improvement (sec) Number of errors r=-0,47 r=0,52 -200 400 Mismatch Mismatch Dog conscientiousness-Human conscientiousness Human anxiety-Dog neuroticism



RESULTS

2-DYADS' RELATIONSHIP



- A better dyads'relationship quality correlated with
 - The dog personality trait « Conscientiousness »
 - The handler personality trait
 - \circ « $Positive\ emotions$ »
 - « Openness to experience »
 - \circ « Ideas »
 - Matching of
 - Human « competence » with dog « conscientiousness »
 - Human « conscientiousness » with dog « conscientiousness »
 - \circ Human « order » with dog « conscientiousness »

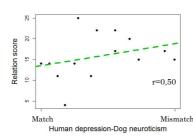
14

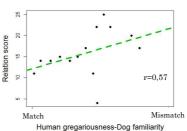
RESULTS

2-DYADS' RELATIONSHIP



- A lower dyads' relationship quality correlated with
 - Matching of
 - Human « depression » with dog « neuroticism »
 - ${\bf o}$ Human « gregariousness » with dog « $human\ familiarity$ »





DISCUSSION



- Better performances seems to be improved with
 - Good human-dog relationship
 - Some handler personality traits
 - Some dog personality traits
 - Match/mismatch of some human-dog personality traits
- Results show a complexity of factors linking human and dog personality, human-dog relationship and performances

16

DISCUSSION



- Future studies
 - Other performance tasks
 - Other dyads (guide dog, police dog, ...)
 - Relation between performance and relationship

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



17

THANKS TO

The Paris fire brigade







