# Guide dogs for kids: expectations of stakeholders

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### **Outline**



Six main benefits adolescents are expected to receive

Where organizations should go from here





# **Guide Dogs for Adults**

- How do guide dogs assist?
- Physical challenges
  - Guide around objects
  - Stop at curbs
  - Walk in a straight line







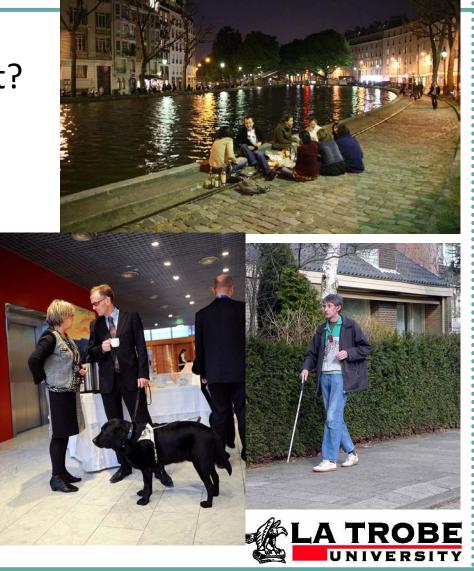




# **Guide Dogs for Adults**

- How do guide dogs assist?
- Social challenges
  - Companionship
  - People like dogs
  - Social catalyst







# **Guide Dogs for Adults**

- How do guide dogs assist?
- Psychological challenges
  - Self-esteem
  - Control
  - Quality of Life







# **Thriving**

### Having the ability to grow and flourish

- Individual characteristics
  - Behavioural skills
  - Individual strengths
  - Emotional engagement



- Contextual factors
  - Community participation
  - Interdependent relationships
  - Resources





# Service Dogs for Children

 Traditionally the majority of service dog organizations did not work with children

Facilitated Service Dog

Parent has primary responsibility



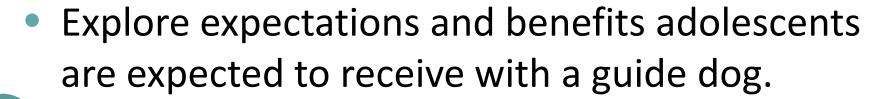






# **Guide Dogs Victoria**

- "Guide Dogs 101" camp
- Participants
  - 4 Adolescents
  - 5 Parents
  - 6 Camp Instructors
  - 3 other GDV staff









1. Mobility

2. Safety

# **Benefit 1: Mobility**

#### 3. Confidence

- Increase physical mobility
  - Speed
  - Smooth
- Increase freedom of movement/travel







1. Mobility

2. Safety

# **Benefit 2: Safety**

3. Confidence

- Actual safety
  - Hurt themselves less
- Perceived safety
  - Feel less vulnerable







2. Safety

**Benefit 3: Confidence** 

3. Confidence

4. Independence

- Confidence in mobility
- Self-confidence







3. Confidence

# **Benefit 4: Independence**

4. Independence

5.Companionship

- Less reliance on others
- Motivation to be independent







# **Benefit 5: Companionship**

5.Companionship

#### 6. Social

- Strong relationship/bond
- Unconditional love

Less lonely







4. Independence

5.Companionship

## **Benefit 6: Social**

#### 6. Social

- Family challenges
- Teacher-student relationship
- Peer interaction
- Positive interaction with strangers





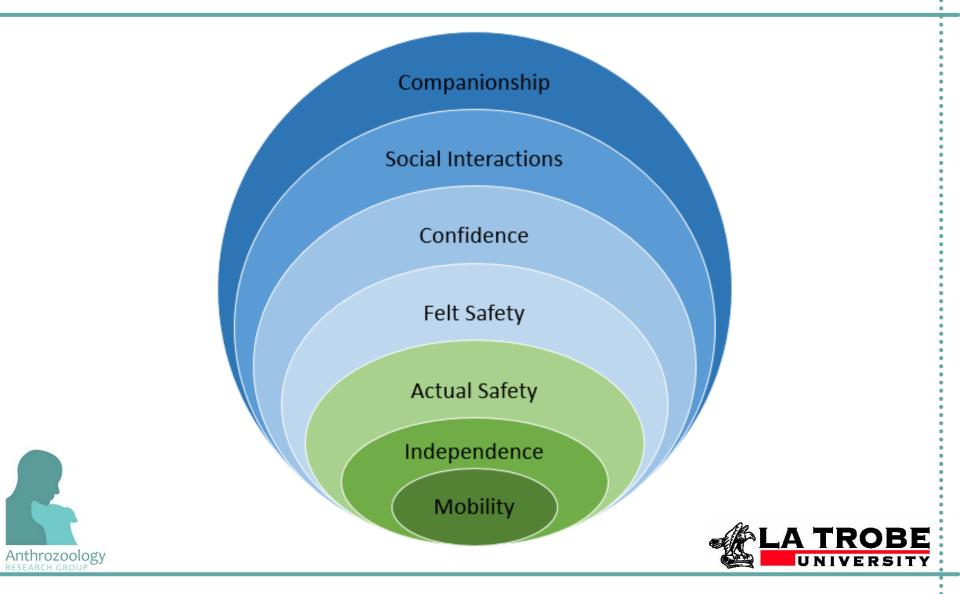


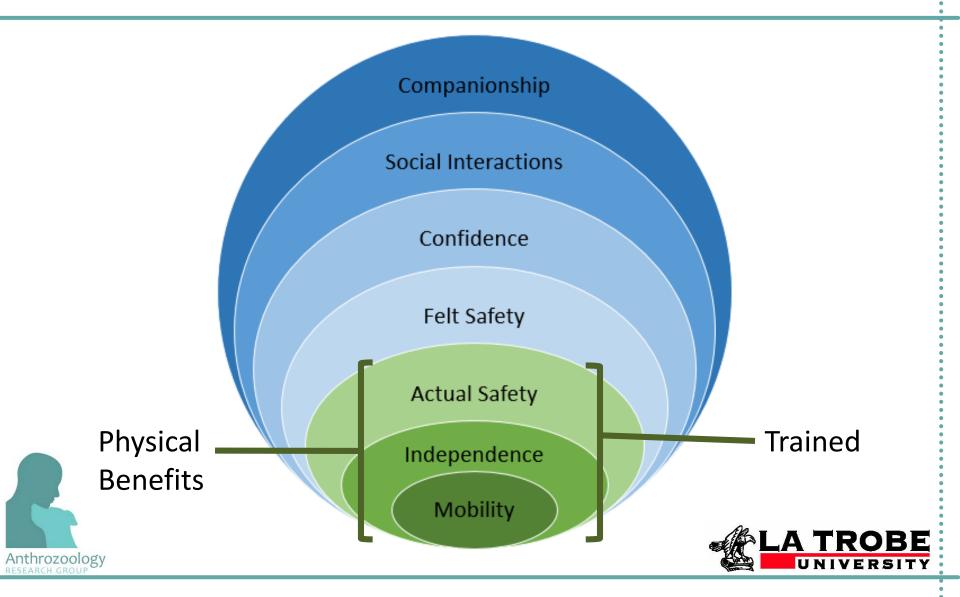
# How does this compare?

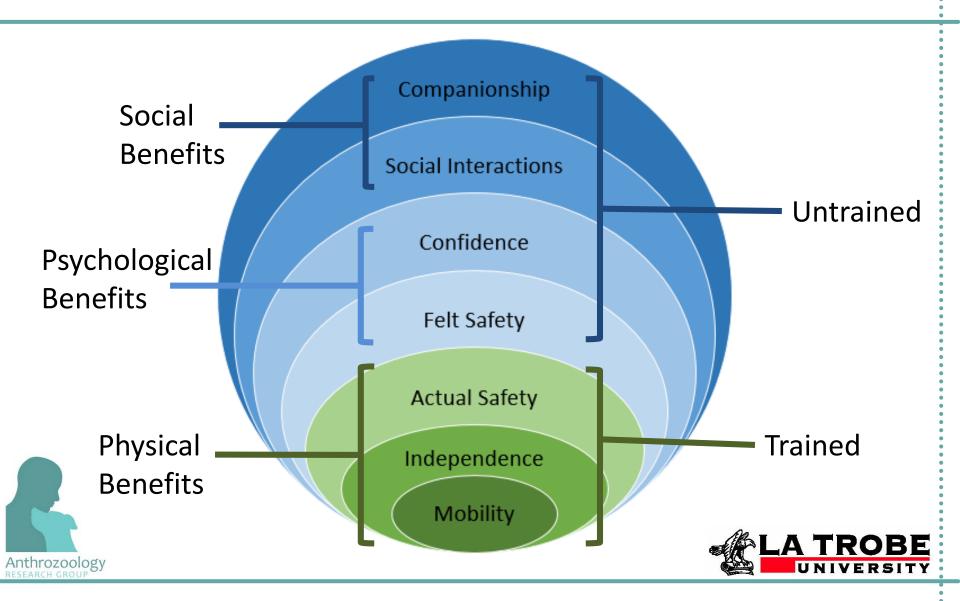
- Expected benefits align with reported:
  - challenges visually impaired adolescents face
  - benefits adult guide dog users experience
- Benefits contribute to thriving
  - Contextual factors: social, companionship
  - Individual characteristics: confidence, independence



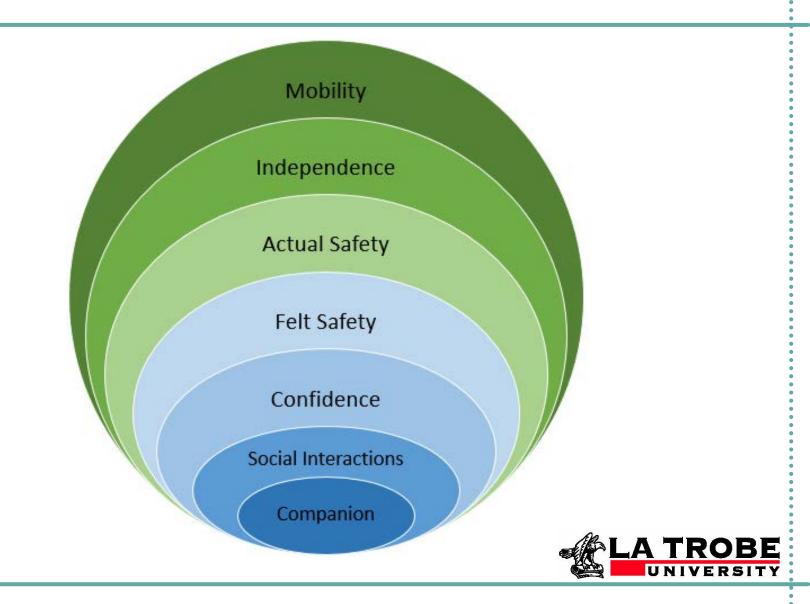


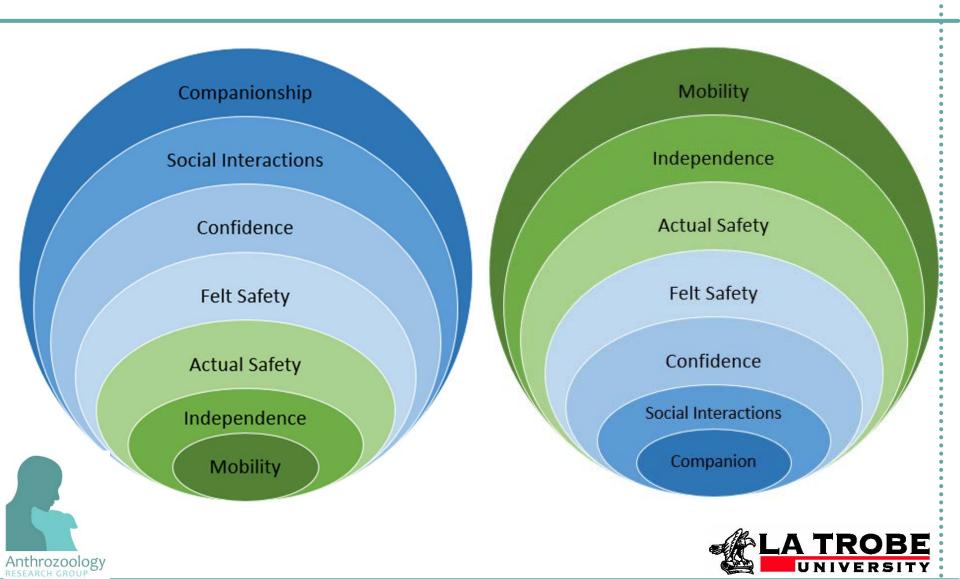




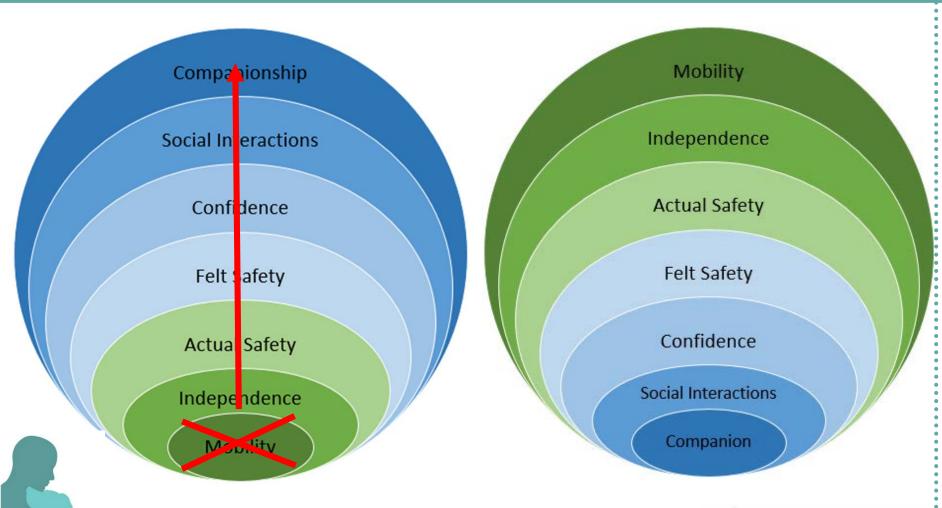


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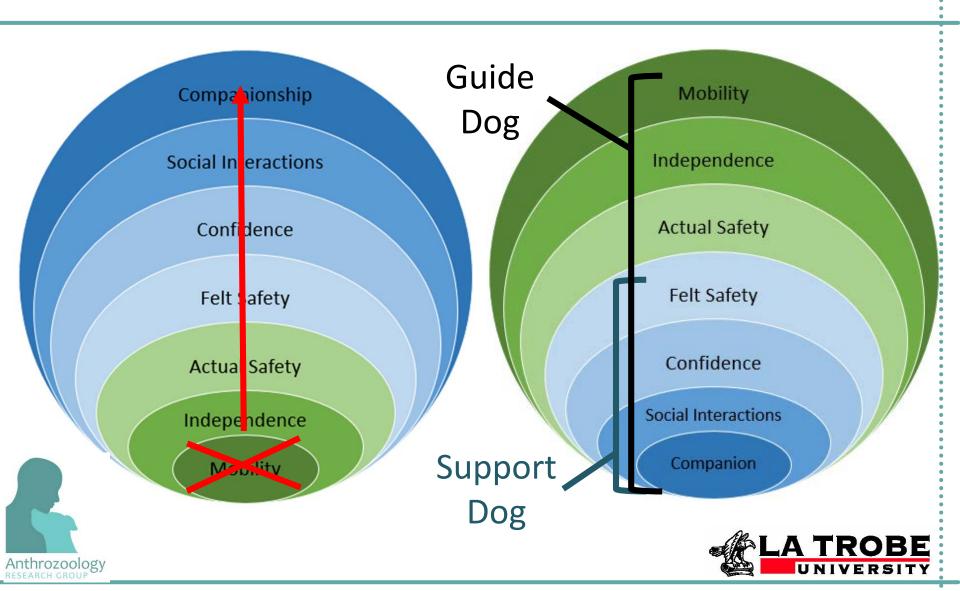




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### **Benefits**

- Dog cared for by adult
- Adolescent develops better skills
- Increase education
- Manage expectations
- Provide benefits
  - Enable thriving







### **Considerations**

- What happens to the support dog when they get a guide dog?
- Should support dogs have public access rights?
  - School access?
- Where do organizations draw the line between guide dog and support dog?
- Who is eligible for a support dog?





### What does this mean?

- For guide dog organizations
  - No additional/different training for the dog
  - No changes to breeding
  - Ability to use failed and retired guide dogs



- For adolescents with vision impairment and their families
  - Increase early education
  - Increase family involvement
  - Provide support dog until able to have a guide dog





### What Next?

Reframe the conceptualization of guide dogs

Provide adolescents failed guide dogs as support dogs

- Guide dog organizations should not deny adolescents a guide dog due to age
  - Assess on adult criteria and family support.





# Thanks for your attention!

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